

Case Studies of Sediment Removal and Remediation -Data and Lessons

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General

- **All 4 sites impacted by coal tar (PAH/MAHs)**
- **Small to medium size sites -- provided opportunities for valuable learning**
- **Work-in-progress**
 - *sites added as data is available*
 - *data synthesis will be presented in multimedia format (text, photos, videos, audio and music)*
 - *CD will be available from EPRI distribution in 2001*

Laconia, NH (1999-2001) -- Mixed Remedy

- **Source control:** *Barrier wall; soil and gas holder removed, 60 K gal GW & 200 gal DNAPL removed*
- **17 K t sediment** *(75% of Contaminants)*
- **215 K gal water removed**
- **6.5 K t capping material**
- **Cost -- \$4.5MM** *(Sediments)*
- **Cable-arm, clam-shell, enclosed bucket and conventional equipment used**

Phase I Remediation

The map illustrates the proposed layout for the Phase I Remediation project. Key features include:

- Holder:** A red circle indicating the location of the holder.
- Cutoff Wall:** A black line representing the proposed cutoff wall.
- Collection Vaults:** Yellow squares along the cutoff wall representing collection vaults.
- Sand Filter:** A blue square representing the sand filter.
- Coal Tar Globule Survey Area:** A red hatched area indicating the survey area for coal tar globules.
- Flow:** Arrows indicating the flow direction in the Winnepesaukee River and Schee Bay.
- Infrastructure:** Labels for 'SUBSTATION', 'MESSER STREET', 'WINNIPESAUKEE RIVER', 'SCHEE BAY', and 'BISSEY AVE.'.

A large red rectangle obscures a portion of the map, likely containing sensitive information.

HOLDER

CUTOFF WALL

COLLECTION VAULTS

SAND FILTER

COAL TAR GLOBULE SURVEY ARE

MESSER STREET

BLISSON

AVE.

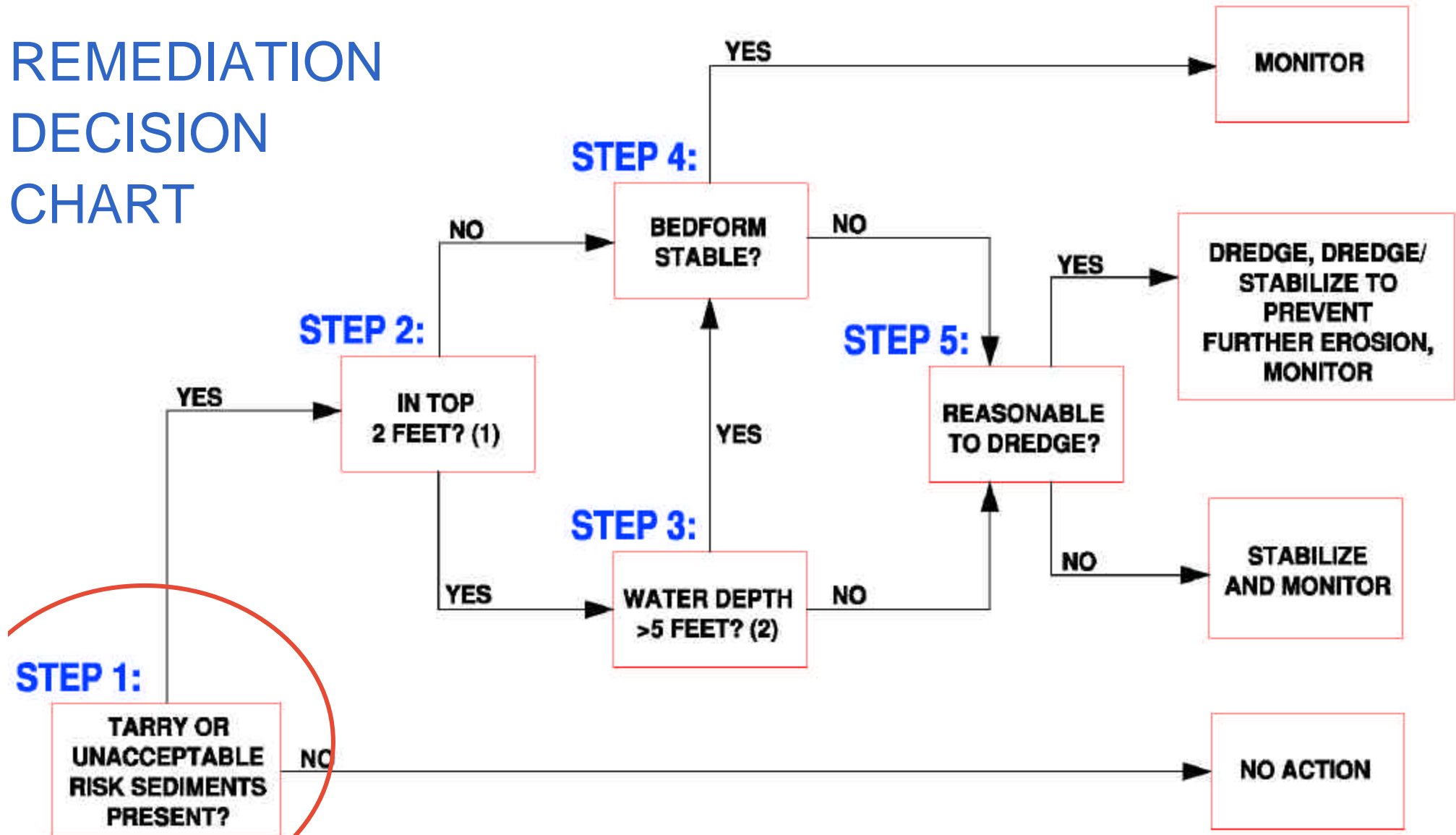


SUBSTATION

WINNIPESAUKEE RIVER

FLO

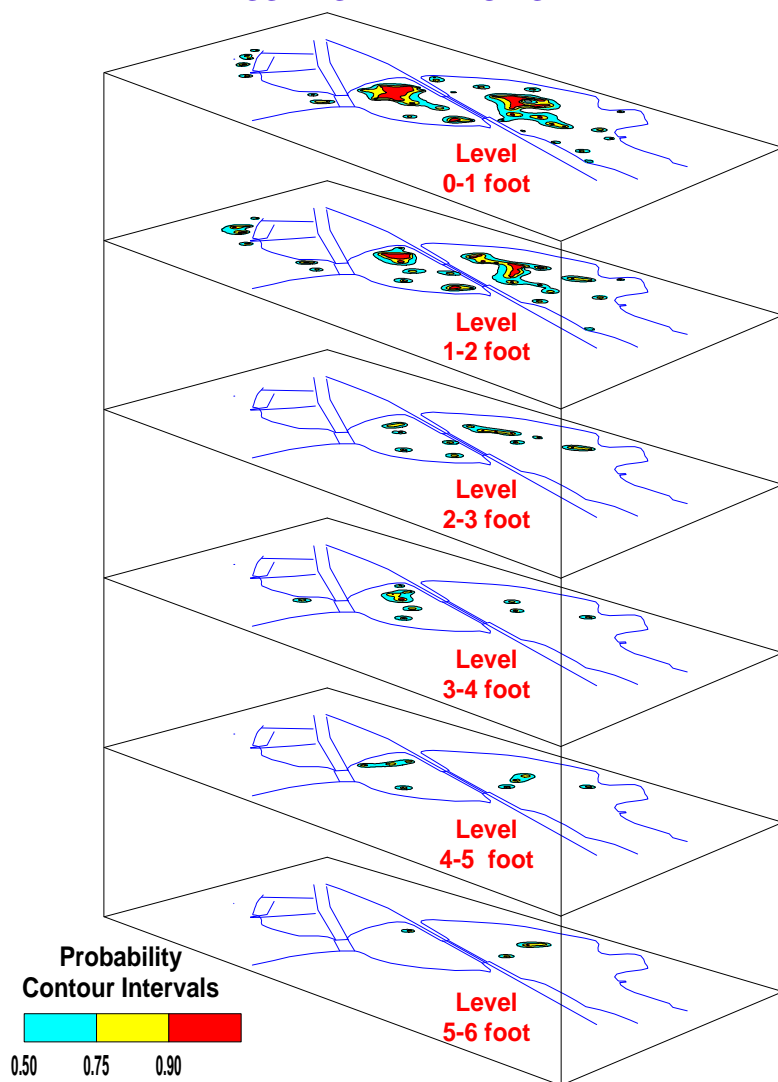
REMEDIAL DECISION CHART



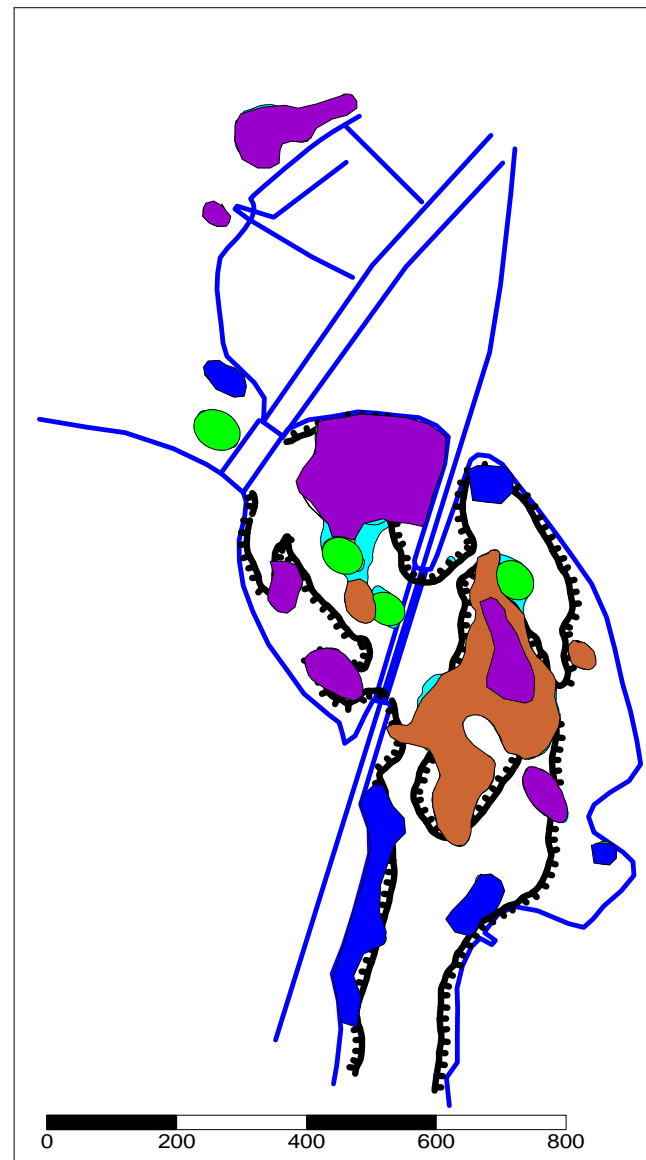
(1) TOP 2 FEET CONTAINS AN ESTIMATED 75% OF TOTAL CONTAMINATED SEDIMENTS IN RIVER.

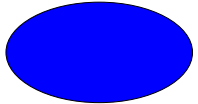
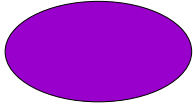
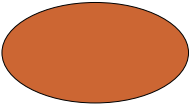
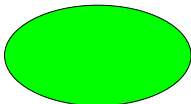
(2) WATER DEPTHS GREATER THAN 5 FEET CONSIDERED UNLIKELY EXPOSURE PATHWAY FOR HUMAN HEALTH RISK.

PROBABILITY MAPS OF TARRY SEDIMENTS
DISTRIBUTION BY 1 FOOT LEVELS
MESSER STREET MGP SITE



Messer Street Site
RECOMMENDED REMEDIATION



-  Stabilize Only
-  Dredge/Stabilize
-  Dredge Only
-  NO SCOUR

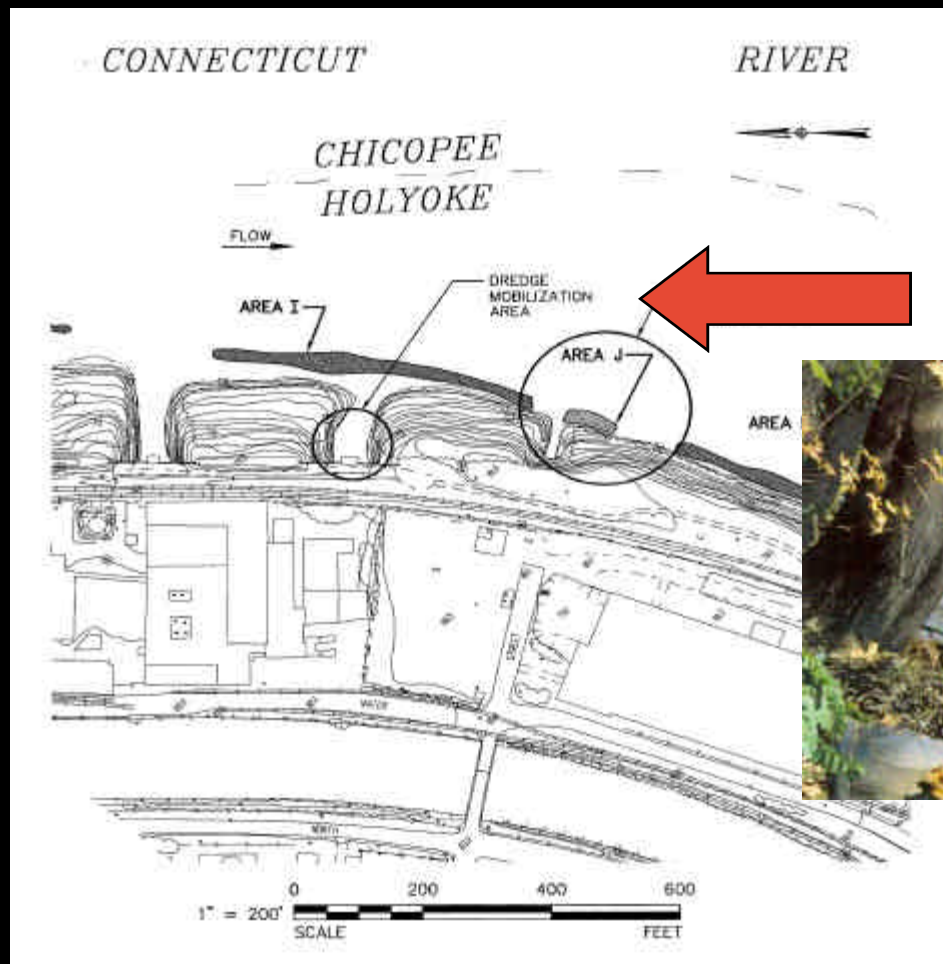
Columbia, PA, NPL Site (1998-1999) -- Removal to ERL levels

- **Source Control:** *No active current source*
- **Area Isolated with Porta-dam, 750 T sediments excavated (Conventional), 850 kgal water treated**
- **Cost -- \$0.5MM (Sediments)**

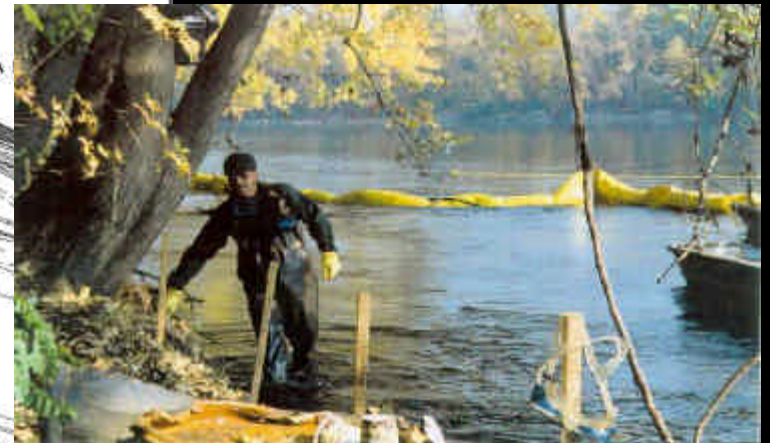
Holyoke, MA (1996) -- Hydraulic Dredging Effectiveness Pilot

- **Removed 12.4 T of sediment / coal tar**
- **Hydraulic dredging ineffective due to:**
 - *presence of cobbles, rocks, debris, swift current*
 - *coal tar/sediments form a hard, asphalt-like conglomerate at bottom*

Site Map and Area of Concern



Area of Concern



EPRI

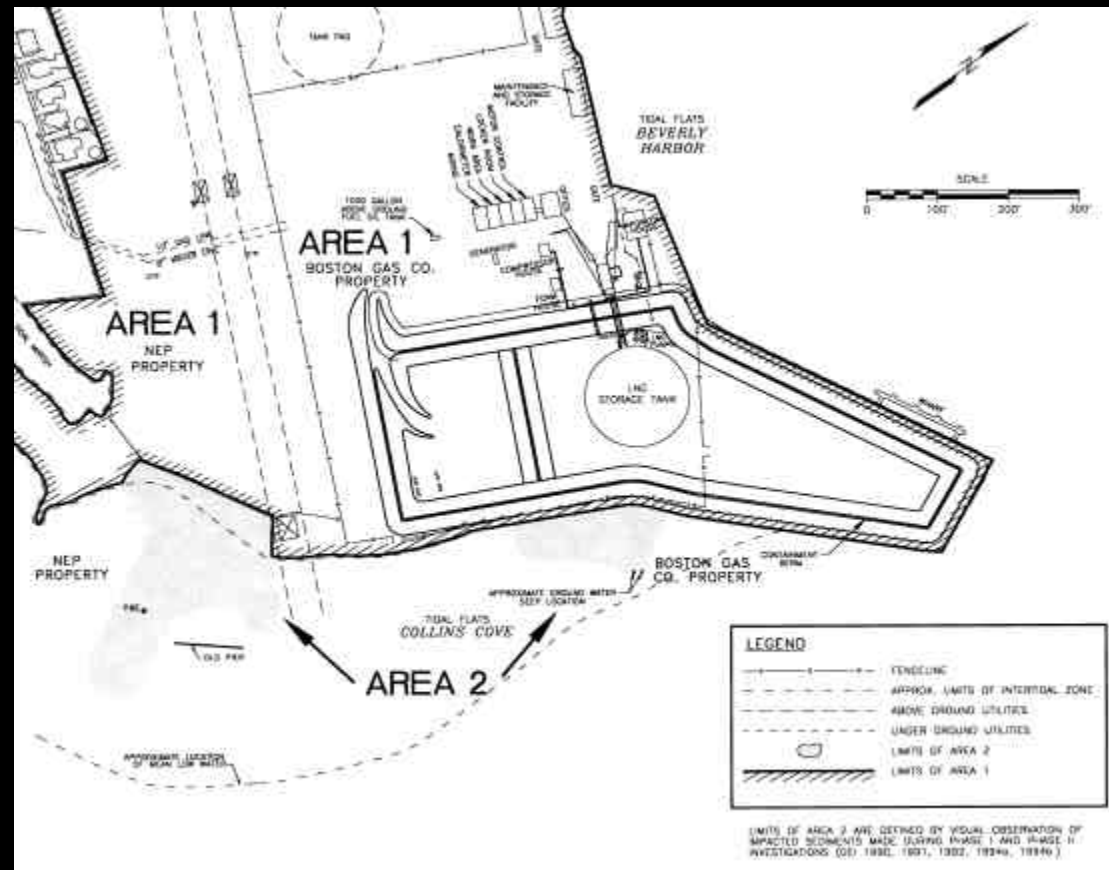
Salem, MA -- In-Situ bioremediation (1998, 99 -)

- **Source Control:** *Barrier Wall*
- **In-Situ bioremediation of permeable layer**
- **Currently assessing results**
- **Decreased PAH's, No significant washout**

Site Map and Area of Concern



Area of Concern



Overall Lessons - 1

- **Source control necessary**
- **Environmental dredging is more complex, costly and time-consuming than generally anticipated. And it doesn't work everywhere.**
 - *Performance based criteria provides incentives*
 - *Complete removal to Depth? / Level? may not be necessary, if objectives are defined clearly*
 - *Water is not our “friend”*

Overall Lessons - 2

- **Define achievable objectives clearly**
- **Innovate** (*e.g. biotreatment, in-situ residuals management, drawdown extension, mixed remedy*)
- **Positive Community Relations**
 - *Use site as a learning experience*
 - *Odor Control (tent, air monitoring)*

... More Lessons

- **Environmental dredge issues**
 - Productivity, use in hard sediments, debris
- **Turbidity**
 - Differences between Cable-arm, clam-shell, and enclosed bucket for atleast sandy soils may not be as significant considering operational issues?

Results

- **Laconia** - *Fishable-swimmable condition achieved*
- **Columbia** - *Site closure achieved*
- **Holyoke** - *Hydraulic dredging is impractical for coal tar removal (protection of endangered species).*
- **Salem** - *Assessing decrease in contaminants.*

Future...

- **Long-term assessment**
 - *Maintaining fishable-swimmable / other conditions*
 - *Assessment - chemistry, biology, indicator parameters, presence of **signature metabolites**?*
- **More turbidity data/operational comparisons between environmental dredges and enclosed buckets needed?**
- **Are we getting better over time!?**
- **Was removal to ERL levels needed?**

Acknowledgments (alphabetical order)

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- Contractors:
 - *Clean Sites, Golder Associates, Haley & Aldrich, Maxymillian, Menzie-Cura Associates, Metcalf & Eddy, OHM, Parsons, Retec*